

## **REMARKS**

Herein, the "Action" or "Office Action" refers to the Office Action dated 7/1/2004.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and allowance of all of the claims of the application. Claims 1-15 and 18-35 are presently pending. Claims amended herein are 18, 19, and 29. Claims withdrawn or cancelled herein are 16 and 17. New claims added herein are none.

## **Substantive Claim Rejections**

## **Claim Rejections under §§ 102 & 103**

The Office rejects all of the pending claims under §102 and/or §103. For the reasons set forth below, the Office has not shown that cited references anticipate (under §102) the rejected claims. For the reasons set forth below, the Office has not shown made a *prima facia* case showing that the rejected claims are obvious (under §103). Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejections be withdrawn and the case be passed along to issuance.

The Office's rejections are based upon the following references:

- **Olden:** *Olden*., US Patent No. 6,460,141 (issued 10/1/2002);  
and/or
- **McNabb:** *McNabb et al.*, US Patent No. 6,289,462 (issued 9/11/2001).

1 **Overview of the Application**

2 The Application describes a domain-authentication aware  
 3 technology for managing credentials. In other words, an authentication by  
 4 one resource in a trust network enables automatic (without manual user  
 5 input) authenticated access to all resources in that trust network.

6 With an implementation of this technology, concurrent  
 7 authentications with multiple independent networks (e.g., domains) may be  
 8 established and maintained.

9 With an implementation of this technology, a credential manager  
 10 provides a credential model retrofit for legacy applications that only  
 11 understand the password model. The manager marshals high-level  
 12 credentials (such as a certificate) so that the high-level credential appears to  
 13 be a low-level credential (such as a user/password) to legacy applications.

14 With an implementation of this technology, a credential manager  
 15 provides a mechanism where the application is only a "blind courier" of  
 16 credentials between the trusted part of the OS to the network and/or  
 17 network resource. The manager fully insulates the application from "read"  
 18 access to the credentials.

20 **Cited References**

21 The Office cites **Olden** as its primary references in its anticipation-  
 22 and obviousness-based rejections. The Office cites **McNabb** as its  
 23 secondary reference in its obviousness-based rejection.

Olden

1                   **Olden** describes a security and access management technology for  
 2 Web-enabled and non-Web-enabled applications and content on a computer  
 3 network. **Olden** describes a management model which brings together  
 4 disparate infrastructure components, consolidates multiple security policies,  
 5 and embraces both Web and emerging Internet technologies to properly  
 6 address the security requirements of the Web.

7                   **Olden** describes a uniform access management model to address the  
 8 specific problems facing the deployment of security for the Web and non-  
 9 Web environment. Unified access management consists of strategic  
 10 approaches to unify all key aspects of Web and non-Web security policies,  
 11 including access control, authorization, authentication, auditing, data  
 12 privacy, administration, and business rules. Unified access management  
 13 also addresses technical scalability requirements needed to successfully  
 14 deploy a reliable unified Web and non-Web security system.

15                   **Olden** describes the technology required to support these key factors  
 16 as they relate to Web and non-Web security. The described system operates  
 17 in combination with network and system security tools such as firewalls,  
 18 network intrusion detection tools, and systems management tools to provide  
 19 comprehensive security for the Web-enabled enterprise.

McNabb

20                   **McNabb** describes a technology for providing a trusted server which  
 21 controls access to the execution of processes by applying file level  
 22 extended sensitivity label attributes. The attributes are utilized to restrict  
 23

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1 execution of processes that are requested by comparing the extended  
 2 attributes in addition to using standard file permission authorization.

3

4 **Anticipation Rejections**

5

6 **Based upon Olden**

7 The Office rejects claims 1-2, 4-8, 10-24, and 26-35 under USC §  
 8 102(e) as being anticipated by Olden. Applicant respectfully traverses the  
 9 rejections of these claims. Based on the reasons given below, Applicant  
 10 asks the Office to withdraw its rejection of these claims.

11

12 **Claim 1**

13 This claim recites:

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- **obtaining a request for a high-level credential from a legacy application;**
- **marshalling the requested credential;**
- **returning the marshaled credential to the application.**

The Office cites col. 25, lines 29-39 of Olden and, by doing so, indicates that the cited portion of the reference discloses all of the elements and features of this claim.

However, the Applicant submits that the Office has not identified, with particularity, where each feature and element of this claim is found in the cited passage of the reference. Furthermore, the Office has not

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1 provided any reasoning, explanation, or rationale as to its assertion that the  
2 cited portions of **Olden** disclose all of each feature and element of this  
3 claim,

4 **High-Level Credential**

5 The cited portion (col. 25, lines 29-39) of **Olden** reads:

7 For example, consider that user Steve may have one  
8 username/password for Web applications and a different username and  
9 password for a legacy application. Single sign on from the Web to the  
10 legacy application can be accommodated by storing the user's legacy  
11 credentials as user properties for Steve such as legacy\_username and  
12 legacy\_password in the entitlements database 32. The legacy Web  
13 application would then query the API and request the legacy\_username  
14 and legacy\_password for ct\_username=steve. The results can then be  
15 transferred to the legacy application to be used in the logon procedure.  
Since this is performed programmatically, the user is not aware of the  
second logon process. To the user, it seems as if he or she only logged  
onto the Web site once.

16 A non-password authorization model (e.g., a X.509 Certificates)  
17 utilizes *high-level credentials*. However, most legacy applications have  
18 provisions for only the traditional username/password authorization model  
19 which is an example of a *low-level credential*.

20 This distinction between high- and low-level credentials is discussed  
21 through-out the Application. For example, this distinction is noted in the  
22 following section quoted the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph of the "Summary" on p. 5 of the  
23 Application:

With an implementation of this technology, a credential manager provides a credential model retrofit for legacy applications that only understand the password model. The manager marshals high-level credentials (such as a certificate) so that the high-level credential appears to be a low-level credential (such as a user/password) to legacy applications.

This claim recites (with emphasis added): "obtaining a request for a *high-level credential* from a legacy application."

Applicant submits the **Olden** does not do this. Instead, with **Olden**, authorization to access a first set of functionality based upon a traditional low-level credential (username/password pair) allows for automatic authorized access to a second set of functionality. This automatic secondary access is predicated upon the first authorization and is accomplished by retrieval of a databased low-level credential for this authorized access to a second set of functionality.

While **Olden** handles multiple credentials and allows for automatic access to additional functionality based upon authorization via only one set of credentials, **Olden** ONLY handles low-level credentials. It only handles the traditional username/password pair model. Applicant submits that **Olden** never discloses utilizing *high-level credentials*. Applicant submits that **Olden** never discloses utilizing certificates.

Therefore, Applicant submits that **Olden** does not disclose "a request for a high-level credential," as recited in this claim.

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Marshalling

Furthermore, Olden does not disclose "marshaling" as recited in this claim. Specifically, this claim recites (with emphasis added): "*marshalling the requested [high-level] credential; returning the marshaled credential to the application.*"

Pages 12-15 of the Application describe the concepts of "marshalling" and "marshaled credentials" in some detail. In the first paragraph on p. 12, this definition is provided: "Marshaling is the mechanism by which a description of a non-password credential can be passed to the TCB [Trusted Computing Base] using an interface designed to support only password credentials."

Therefore, Applicant submits that Olden does not disclose the concepts of "marshalling" and "marshaled credentials," as recited in this claim.

As shown above, Olden does not disclose all of the claimed elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

Claims 2-7

These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 1. As discussed above, claim 1 is allowable.

In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant

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1 submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent  
2 claims because its base claim is allowable.

3

4 **Claim 8**

5 The Office indicates that this claim incorporates substantially similar  
6 subject matter as claim 1 and is rejected along the same rationale.

7 If this is true, the Applicant submits that this claim is allowable for  
8 same reasons given above as to why claim 1 is allowable.

9 While the Office's assertion (that this claim incorporates  
10 substantially similar subject matter as claim 1) may or may not be true,  
11 Applicant asserts that this independent claim is patentable different than  
12 claim 1; and therefore, it deserves to be examined on its own.

13 As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed  
14 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
15 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

16

17 **Claims 9-12**

18 These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 8. As  
19 discussed above, claim 8 is allowable.

20 In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is  
21 allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant  
22 submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent  
23 claims because its base claim is allowable.

Claim 13

1 The Office indicates that this claim incorporates substantially similar  
 2 subject matter as claim 1 and is rejected along the same rationale.  
 3

4 If this is true, the Applicant submits that this claim is allowable for  
 5 same reasons given above as to why claim 1 is allowable.  
 6

7 While the Office's assertion (that this claim incorporates  
 8 substantially similar subject matter as claim 1) may or may not be true,  
 9 Applicant asserts that this independent claim is patentable different than  
 10 claim 1; and therefore, it deserves to be examined on its own.  
 11

12 As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed  
 13 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
 14 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.  
 15

Claims 14-15

16 These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 13. As  
 17 discussed above, claim 13 is allowable.  
 18

19 In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is  
 20 allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant  
 21 submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent  
 22 claims because its base claim is allowable.  
 23

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Claims 16 and 17

Applicant has canceled these claims. Therefore, the rejection is moot.

Claim 18

With the cited portions of Olden in brackets, this claim recites:

- a trusted computing base (TCB) that has full access to persisted credentials, the TCB being configured to interact with an untrusted computing layer (UTCL) that accesses the persisted credentials via the TCB;
- the TCB comprises:
  - a credential management module configured to receive requests from the UTCL for a high-level credential for a resource, [col. 3, lines 39-61] the high-level credential being associated with a user;
  - a credential database associated with the user, wherein credentials are persisted within the database;
  - the credential management module being configured to retrieve credentials from the database. [col. 4, lines 27-34]

However, the Applicant submits that the Office has not identified, with particularity, where each feature and element of this claim is found in

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1 the cited passage of the reference. Furthermore, the Office has not  
2 provided any reasoning, explanation, or rationale as to its assertion that the  
3 cited portions of **Olden** disclose all of each feature and element of this  
4 claim,

5 The cited portions of **Olden** read:

6  
7 The security and access management system of the present  
8 invention, generally indicated by the numeral 10 in FIG. 1, is a  
9 highly scalable, reliable, and configurable security architecture. As  
10 shown in FIG. 1, the architecture for the security and access  
11 management system 10 comprises five main components: at least  
12 one authorization component 12; an entitlements (database) server  
13 component 14; an API server 16; an administrative client  
14 (graphical user interface) 18; and at least one enabled Web server  
15 20 connected to the remainder of the computer network, for  
16 example, over the Internet. The first three components are server-  
17 side components. Each of the server-side components will now be  
18 described in more detail.

19  
20 The authorization component 12 performs authorization  
21 processing on behalf of either an enabled Web server 20 or an API  
22 client 22. The authorization component 12 comprises an  
23 authorization server 24. Preferably, as shown in FIG. 1, the  
24 authorization component 12 comprises a plurality of authorization  
25 servers 24A, 24B, 24C and at least one authorization dispatcher 26.  
In order to avoid a single point source of failure, a plurality of  
authorization dispatchers 26A, 26B also preferably comprises the  
authorization component 12. [col. 3, lines 39-61]

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1  
2        The entitlements server component 14 performs database  
3        processing on behalf of at least one entitlements manager  
4        administrative client 18 and the API server 16. In addition, the  
5        entitlements server component 14 also forwards requests from the  
6        entitlements manager administrative client 18 and API server 16  
7        to the authorization servers 24A, 24B, 24C comprising the  
8        authorization component 12. [col. 4, lines 27-34]

9  
10      A non-password authorization model (e.g., a X.509 Certificates)  
11      utilizes *high-level credentials*. However, most legacy applications have  
12      provisions for only the traditional username/password authorization model  
13      which is an example of a *low-level credential*.

14      This distinction between high- and low-level credentials is discussed  
15      through-out the Application. For example, this distinction is noted in the  
16      following section quoted the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph of the "Summary" on p. 5 of the  
17      Application:

18  
19      With an implementation of this technology, a  
20      credential manager provides a credential model retrofit for  
21      legacy applications that only understand the password  
22      model. The manager marshals high-level credentials (such  
23      as a certificate) so that the high-level credential appears to  
24      be a low-level credential (such as a user/password) to  
25      legacy applications.

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1                   This claim recites (with emphasis added): "a credential management  
 2 module configured to receive requests from the UTCL for a *high-level*  
 3 *credential* for a resource."

4                   Applicant submits the **Olden** does not do this. Instead, with **Olden**,  
 5 authorization to access a first set of functionality based upon a traditional  
 6 low-level credential (username/password pair) allows for automatic  
 7 authorized access to a second set of functionality. This automatic  
 8 secondary access is predicated upon the first authorization and is  
 9 accomplished by retrieval of a databased low-level credential for this  
 10 authorized access to a second set of functionality.

11                  While **Olden** handles multiple credentials and allows for automatic  
 12 access to additional functionality based upon authorization via only one set  
 13 of credentials, **Olden** ONLY handles low-level credentials. It only handles  
 14 the traditional username/password pair model. Applicant submits that  
 15 **Olden** never discloses utilizing *high-level credentials*. Applicant submits  
 16 that **Olden** never discloses utilizing certificates.

17                  Therefore, Applicant submits that **Olden** does not disclose "a  
 18 request for a high-level credential," as recited in this claim.

19                  As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed  
 20 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
 21 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

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Claims 19-22

These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 18. As discussed above, claim 18 is allowable.

In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent claims because its base claim is allowable.

Claim 23

The Office indicates that this claim incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 1 and is rejected along the same rationale.

If this is true, the Applicant submits that this claim is allowable for same reasons given above as to why claim 1 is allowable.

While the Office's assertion (that this claim incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 1) may or may not be true, Applicant asserts that this independent claim is patentable different than claim 1; and therefore, it deserves to be examined on its own.

As shown above, Olden does not disclose all of the claimed elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

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Claim 24

The Office indicates that this claim incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 8 and is rejected along the same rationale.

If this is true, the Applicant submits that this claim is allowable for same reasons given above as to why claim 1 is allowable.

While the Office's assertion (that this claim incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 8) may or may not be true, Applicant asserts that this independent claim is patentable different than claim 1; and therefore, it deserves to be examined on its own.

As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

Claims 25-28

These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 24. As discussed above, claim 24 is allowable.

In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent claims because its base claim is allowable.

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Claim 29

1 This claim recites:

2

- 3 • a request obtainer configured to obtain a request for a high-
- 4 level credential to authenticate the user to access a resource
- 5 within the network, wherein the resource requires an
- 6 appropriate credential before the user may access the
- 7 resource;
- 8 • a credential retriever configured to retrieve the appropriate
- 9 high-level credential from a database of credentials;
- 10 • a credential marshaller configured to generate a
- 11 representation of the high-level credential that is formatted
- 12 as a low-level credential so that it appears to be a
- 13 conventional username/password pair;
- 14 • a credential returner configured to return the appropriate
- 15 marshaled credential to the resource within the network, so
- 16 that the resource allows the user to access such resource;
- 17 • wherein the obtainer, retriever, marshaller, and returner are
- 18 further configured to operate without user interaction.

19 The Office cites col. 3, lines 39-61, col. 4, lines 27-34, and col. 25,  
20 lines 39-41 of **Olden** and, by doing so, indicates that the cited portion of the  
21 reference discloses all of the elements and features of this claim.

22 However, the Applicant submits that the Office has not identified,  
23 with particularity, where each feature and element of this claim is found in  
24 the cited passage of the reference. Furthermore, the Office has not  
25

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1 provided any reasoning, explanation, or rationale as to its assertion that the  
 2 cited portions of **Olden** disclose all of each feature and element of this  
 3 claim,

4 High-Level Credential

5 A non-password authorization model (e.g., a X.509 Certificates)  
 6 utilizes *high-level credentials*. However, most legacy applications have  
 7 provisions for only the traditional username/password authorization model  
 8 which is an example of a *low-level credential*.

9 This distinction between high- and low-level credentials is discussed  
 10 through-out the Application. For example, this distinction is noted in the  
 11 following section quoted the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph of the "Summary" on p. 5 of the  
 12 Application:

13  
 14 With an implementation of this technology, a  
 15 credential manager provides a credential model retrofit for  
 16 legacy applications that only understand the password  
 17 model. The manager marshals high-level credentials (such  
 18 as a certificate) so that the high-level credential appears to  
 19 be a low-level credential (such as a user/password) to  
 legacy applications.

20  
 21 This claim recites (with emphasis added): "a request obtainer  
 22 configured to obtain a request for a *high-level credential* to authenticate the  
 23 user to access a resource within the network."

24 Applicant submits the **Olden** does not do this. Instead, with **Olden**,  
 25 authorization to access a first set of functionality based upon a traditional

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1 low-level credential (username/password pair) allows for automatic  
 2 authorized access to a second set of functionality. This automatic  
 3 secondary access is predicated upon the first authorization and is  
 4 accomplished by retrieval of a databased low-level credential for this  
 5 authorized access to a second set of functionality.

6 While Olden handles multiple credentials and allows for automatic  
 7 access to additional functionality based upon authorization via only one set  
 8 of credentials, Olden ONLY handles low-level credentials. It only handles  
 9 the traditional username/password pair model. Applicant submits that  
 10 Olden never discloses utilizing *high-level credentials*. Applicant submits  
 11 that Olden never discloses utilizing certificates.

12 Therefore, Applicant submits that Olden does not disclose "a  
 13 request for a high-level credential," as recited in this claim.

14 Marshalling

15 Furthermore, Olden does not disclose "marshaling" as recited in this  
 16 claim. Specifically, this claim recites: "a credential marshaller configured  
 17 to generate a representation of the high-level credential that is formatted as  
 18 a low-level credential so that it appears to be a conventional  
 19 username/password pair."

20 Pages 12-15 of the Application describe the concepts of  
 21 "marshalling" and "marshaled credentials" in some detail. In the first  
 22 paragraph on p. 12, this definition is provided: "Marshaling is the  
 23 mechanism by which a description of a non-password credential can be  
 24

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1 passed to the TCB [Trusted Computing Base] using an interface designed  
 2 to support only password credentials."

3 Therefore, Applicant submits that **Olden** does not disclose the  
 4 concepts of "marshalling" and "marshaled credentials," as recited in this  
 5 claim.

6 As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed  
 7 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
 8 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

9

10 Claims 30-31

11 These claims ultimately depend upon independent claim 29. As  
 12 discussed above, claim 29 is allowable.

13 In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is  
 14 allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant  
 15 submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent  
 16 claims because its base claim is allowable.

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Claim 32

This claim for an application programming interface (API) method recites:

- **receiving a CredUI-promptfor-credentials call having a set of parameters comprising a TargetName, Context, AuthFlags, and Flags;**
- **parsing the call to retrieve the parameters to determine a specified resource;**
- **obtaining a credential;**
- **associating the credential with the specified resource;**
- **persisting the credential into a database while maintaining the credential's association with the specified resource.**

The Office cites col. 3, lines 39-61 and col. 9, line 27 through col. 10, line 36 of **Olden** and, by doing so, indicates that the cited portion of the reference discloses all of the elements and features of this claim.

However, the Applicant submits that the Office has not identified, with particularity, where each feature and element of this claim is found in the cited passage of the reference. Furthermore, the Office has not provided any reasoning, explanation, or rationale as to its assertion that the cited portions of **Olden** disclose all of each feature and element of this claim,

In particular, the Office has not identified, nor can Applicant find, where **Olden** discloses "receiving a CredUI-promptfor-credentials call having a set of parameters comprising a TargetName, Context, AuthFlags,

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1 and Flags." No where does **Olden** disclose a call with these particular set  
 2 of parameters.

3 Furthermore, Applicant submits that **Olden** does not disclose the all  
 4 of the steps of this method (parsing a call; obtaining a credential;  
 5 associating; and persisting) generally or specifically. For example, **Olden**  
 6 does not disclose "associating the [obtained] credential with the specified  
 7 resource."

8 If **Olden** does disclose these things, Applicant asks that the Office  
 9 identify where it discloses it with particularity.

10 As shown above, **Olden** does not disclose all of the claimed  
 11 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
 12 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

13

14 Claim 33

15 This claim ultimately depends upon independent claim 32. As  
 16 discussed above, claim 32 is allowable.

17 In addition to its own merits, this dependent claim is allowable for  
 18 the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that  
 19 the Office withdraw the rejection of this dependent claim because its base  
 20 claim is allowable.

Claim 34

This claim for an application programming interface (API) method recites:

- **receiving a CredUI-promptfor-credentials call having a set of parameters comprising a TargetName, UserName, Password, and Flags;**
- **parsing the call to retrieve the parameters to determine a requesting application;**
- **obtaining a low-level credential from a user, wherein such credential includes a username and a password;**
- **returning the low-level credential to the requesting application.**

The Office cites col. 9, line 27-45 and col. 7, lines 26-41 of **Olden** and, by doing so, indicates that the cited portion of the reference discloses all of the elements and features of this claim.

However, the Applicant submits that the Office has not identified, with particularity, where each feature and element of this claim is found in the cited passage of the reference. Furthermore, the Office has not provided any reasoning, explanation, or rationale as to its assertion that the cited portions of **Olden** disclose all of each feature and element of this claim,

In particular, the Office has not identified, nor can Applicant find, where **Olden** discloses “• receiving a CredUI-promptfor-credentials call having a set of parameters comprising a TargetName, UserName,

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1 Password, and Flags." No where does Olden disclose a call with these  
2 particular set of parameters.

3 As shown above, Olden does not disclose all of the claimed  
4 elements and features of the claim. Accordingly, Applicant asks the Office  
5 to withdraw its rejection of this claim.

6

7 Claim 35

8 This claim ultimately depends upon independent claim 34. As  
9 discussed above, claim 34 is allowable.

10 In addition to its own merits, this dependent claim is allowable for  
11 the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that  
12 the Office withdraw the rejection of this dependent claim because its base  
13 claim is allowable.

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## Obviousness Rejections

### Lack of *Prima Facie* Case of Obviousness (MPEP § 2142)

Applicant disagrees with the Office's obviousness rejections. Arguments presented herein point to various aspects of the record to demonstrate that all of the criteria set forth for making a *prima facie* case have not been met.

### Based upon Olden and McNabb

The Office rejects 3, 9, and 25 under USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Olden** as modified by **McNabb**. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of these claims. Applicant asks the Office to withdraw its rejection of these claims.

These claims ultimately depend upon independent claims 1, 8, and/or 24. As discussed above, these claims are allowable.

In addition to its own merits, each of these dependent claims is allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each of these dependent claims because its base claim is allowable.

### Dependent Claims

In addition to its own merits, each dependent claim is allowable for the same reasons that its base claim is allowable. Applicant submits that the Office withdraw the rejection of each dependent claim where its base claim is allowable.

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**Conclusion**

All pending claims are in condition for allowance. Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and prompt issuance of the application. If any issues remain that prevent issuance of this application, the Office is urged to contact the undersigned attorney before issuing a subsequent Action.

Respectfully Submitted,

By:

  
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Atty: Kasey C. Christie